Family Code: AG-757

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PRS™ Ratings — Predicted Family Performance</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Productivity Rating                      98</td>
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<tr>
<td>Rust Resistance Grade                    A</td>
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<tr>
<td>Stem Form Grade                          A</td>
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</tbody>
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The PRS™ ratings indicate that the progeny of family is projected to be:

\[ P = 98 \rightarrow \text{Approximately 98% greater stem volume at age 6 compared to a non-improved loblolly pine checklot for the Georgia and South Carolina Piedmont.} \]

\[ R = A \rightarrow \text{Excellent for resistance to fusiform rust disease} \]

\[ S = A \rightarrow \text{Excellent for stem straightness} \]

The minimum winter temperature "origin" of Family AG-757 is 11.74°F (0° line). Planting in the green shaded areas on the map up to 5°F colder (south of -5° line) has minimal risk of cold damage. Planting in areas that are 5-10°F colder than the origin (between -5° and -10° lines) will increase the risk of cold damage. Areas that are more than 10°F colder than the origin are too cold and planting is not advised (north of -10° line).

Family AG-757 has been tested by members of the NC State University Cooperative Tree Improvement Program.

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\(^1\)These adaptability guidelines were developed by the USDA Forest Service (Schmidtling 2001), Southern Pine Seed Sources, available at: [http://www.srs.fs.usda.gov/pubs/gtr/gtr_srs044.pdf](http://www.srs.fs.usda.gov/pubs/gtr/gtr_srs044.pdf)
Progeny test results of measurements at age 6 years are listed in the box to the right.

**Volume Rating** and **Height Rating** are predicted progeny performance of open-pollinated (OP) families\(^2\) expressed as percentage deviations from a non-improved loblolly pine checklot for the **Georgia and South Carolina Piedmont** (e.g. CC7). Family **AG-757** is predicted to be **24%** taller and have **98%** more stem volume at age 6 years compared to non-improved check trees.

**R-50 %** of **14** indicates that this family is expected to have **14%** of the trees infected with fusiform rust galls at a site where non-improved loblolly pine would have **50%** rust infection.

**Straight %** score of **40** indicates that this family is expected to have **40%** straighter stems compared to the non-improved check trees.

**Forking (F-50 %)** of **44** indicates that this family is expected to have **44%** of the trees with forked stems or major ramicorn branches at a site where non-improved loblolly pine would have **50%** forked stems or ramicorn branches.

**Use of the PRS™ Ratings**

Customers are encouraged to fully understand the PRS™ Ratings. For a detailed description and limitations of the PRS™ Ratings, go to [www.TreeImprovement.org](http://www.TreeImprovement.org). **Version Piedmont 2017 V5 PRS™** Ratings can be used to compare the genetic potential of different families at age 6 years and not the absolute performance of a family at the time of harvest. **These PRS™ Ratings are no guarantee of performance but are indicative of how this family is predicted to perform compared to non-improved loblolly pine if grown in the same environment.** The actual performance of any loblolly pine family depends upon on nursery protocols, the quality of the planting site, the silvicultural practices imposed before, during, and after planting, and the climatic / environmental conditions throughout the life of the stand.

**Test Data**

Each family is tested by members of the NC State University Cooperative Tree Improvement Program. Standard progeny tests evaluate each family in a minimum of 4 test environments with a range of 60 to 144 seedlings total per family. The following traits are measured at 4 to 6 years in the field: total stem height, diameter at breast height (DBH), presence or absence of fusiform rust galls, straightness of each tree relative to the stand average, and presence of forks or major ramicorn branches. Individual tree volume is calculated for each tree using a standard volume equation. The 6-Year Progeny Test Data reported are the means of individual trees and not per acre estimates.

**Rotation Age Projections**

The ideal productivity rating is a rotation-age per acre volume and value estimate for each family, calculated using growth and yield models where the height, volume, and quality trait gains at 6 years of age are modeled to predict rotation age values. At this time, these projection systems are too variable and are dependent upon which growth and yield model is used. In future PRS™ versions, we hope to have more reliable estimates of rotation age volumes and values.

**South Carolina Forestry Commission** is a licensed user of the Loblolly Pine PRS™. South Carolina Forestry Commission verifies that the seedlings are of the family AG-757. Apart from verification of family identity, Company/Agency makes no representation or warranty of any kind with respect to the rating system or seedlings sold, and expressly disclaims any warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose and any other implied warranties with respect to the capabilities, safety, utility, or commercial application of the seedlings.

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\(^2\)An open pollinated family refers to progeny from a selected parent (only one parent is known) that have been established in a loblolly pine seed orchard. The PRS™ values for this family are for open-pollinated seeds collected from a seed orchard in the Coastal Plain of SC, GA, FL, AL, or MS.